

Laboratory of Neuro Imaging Inspector, version 2.0

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## I. Introduction to the Inspector

The LONI Inspector is an application for examining medical image files. Unlike most image viewers, the Inspector focuses on reading, displaying, searching, comparing, and exporting "metadata." The term "metadata" refers to data that describes the image data in a file. For example, metadata can be the patient name, the model of scanner on which the subject was scanned, the date on which the scan occurred, and the width and height of the image. Knowledge of metadata can be very important in understanding the imaging protocol and in protecting patient privacy since Federal regulation prohibits the exchange of image files that contain patient-identifying information.

There are many different types of medical image file formats, and the amount and type of information stored in these files varies depending upon the file format type and file creator. Unlike simpler file formats (GIF, JPEG), there is often a large amount of metadata (subject name, date of birth, scanner protocol) stored with the image data. The Inspector provides a single interface for viewing both metadata and image data in many common medical image file formats (AFNI, ANALYZE, DICOM, ECAT, GE, Interfile, MINC, NIFTI), searching files for keywords, comparing files for differences, and exporting metadata into XML and CSV files.

## **II. Starting the Inspector**

### ***A. Unzipping the downloaded file***

From the LONI software download web site, you should be able to download the zip file:

**inspector\_2\_0.zip**

Unzip the file into its contents. This should create the following files:

<b>File</b>	<b>Description</b>
Inspector2_22Jun2007.jar	The main Inspector jar file
run.sh	Use to run the Inspector in Linux/OS X/Unix
run.bat	Double-click to run the Inspector in Windows

### ***B. Starting the Inspector***

In order to run the Inspector, you must have Java 1.5 or later installed on your machine. The Inspector has been tested on and successfully run on Windows, Linux, and OS X platforms. On Windows, double-click the run.bat file. On other platforms, open a command line shell and execute the run.sh script (It may be necessary to "chmod a+x run.sh" first if the file does not have executable permissions).

### ***C. Selecting files as command line arguments***

You can automatically load files into the Inspector by specifying them as command line arguments:

```
java -jar -Xmx1024m Inspector2_22Jun2007.jar <file1> <file2> <file3> ...
```

If no arguments are given, the Inspector will start as if you had executed the run.sh or run.bat file.

### ***D. Supported File Formats***

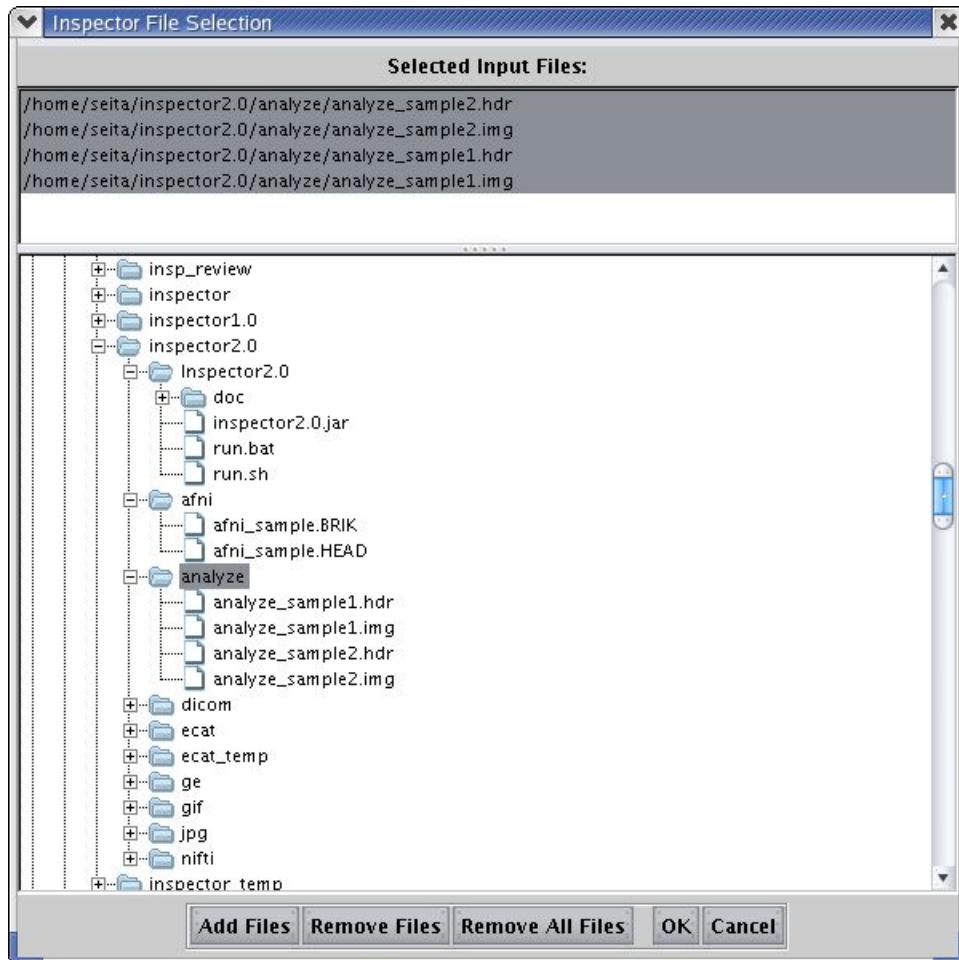
- ◆ AFNI
- ◆ ANALYZE 7.5
- ◆ DICOM
- ◆ ECAT 7
- ◆ GE 5.0
- ◆ Interfile (including HRRT Interfile)
- ◆ MINC
- ◆ NIFTI
- ◆ Variants of GIF, JPEG, and PNG

### III. Selecting files

In order to load files into the Inspector, they must first be selected in the selection dialog.

#### A. How to start the selection dialog

The Inspector file selection dialog is started using the menu option “File->Add/Remove Files.” This will display a dialog similar to:



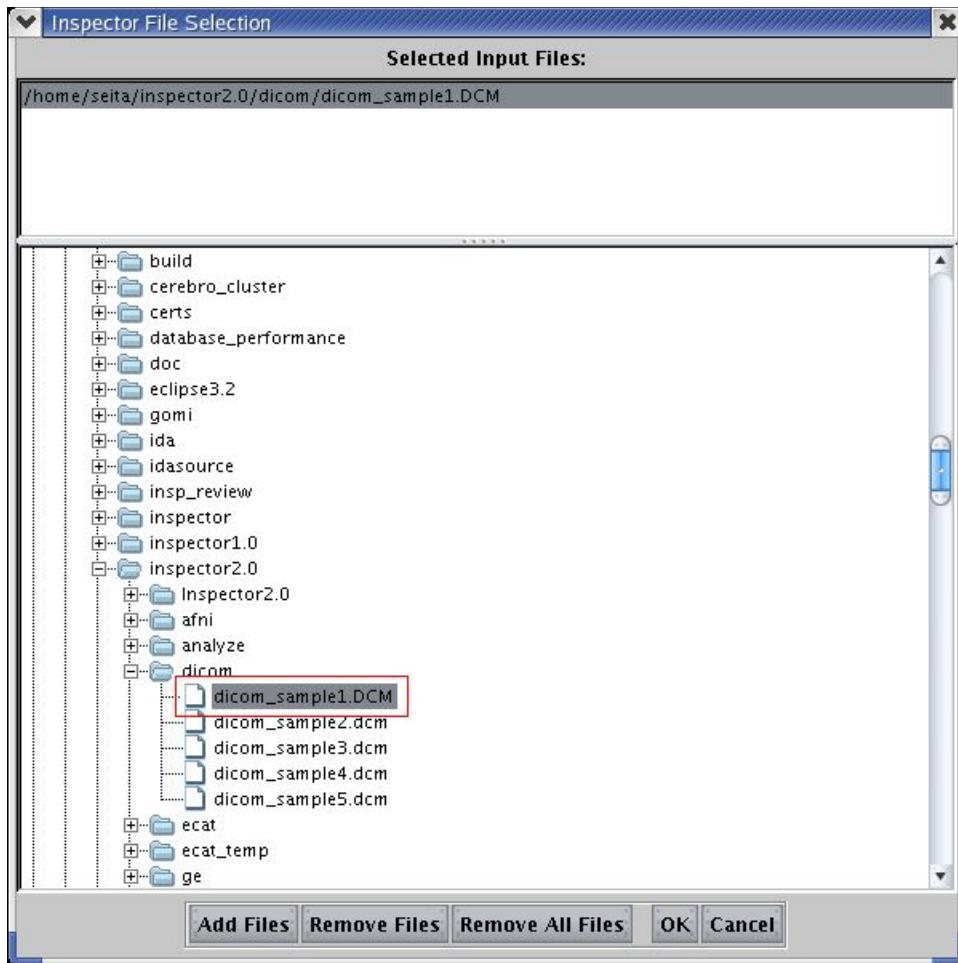
**Add Files** **Remove Files** **Remove All Files** **OK** **Cancel**

## **B. How to select a file**

There are multiple ways to select files in the Inspector file selection dialog.

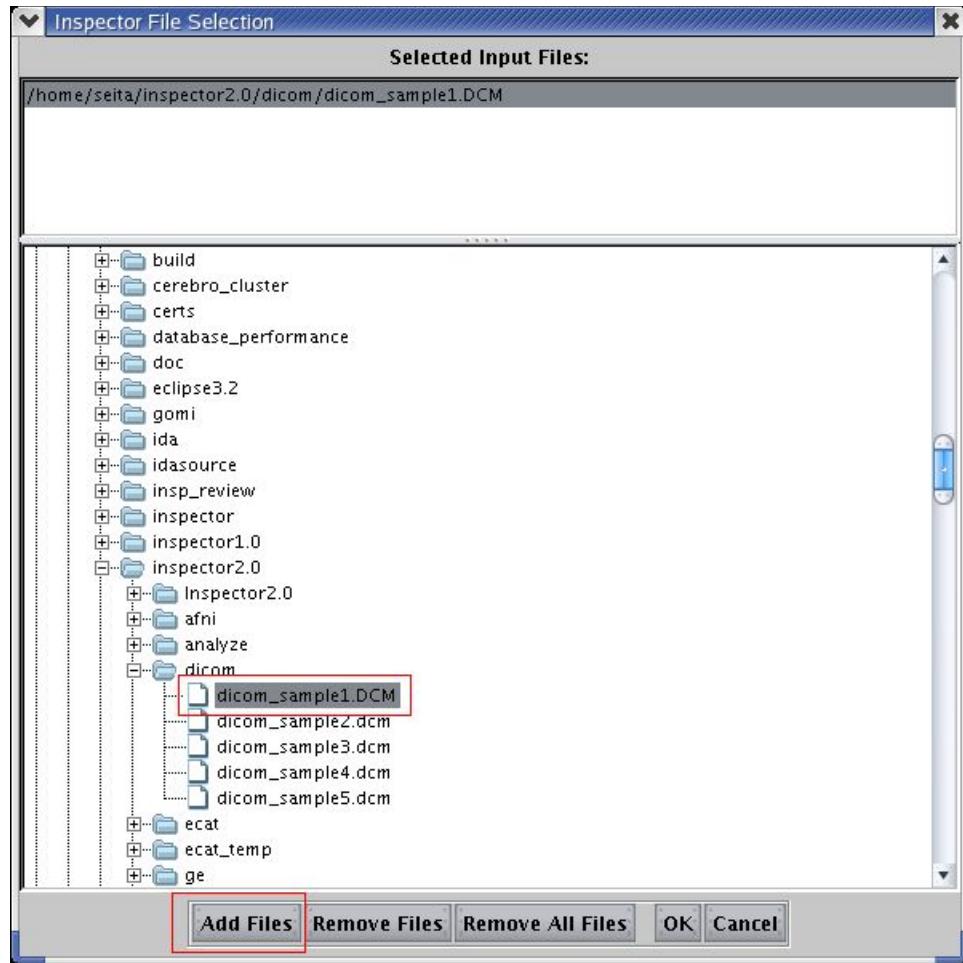
### **i. Double-click**

If you double-click on a file in the lower tree-like display of your file system, the file (and those associated with it) will be selected and displayed in the upper part of the dialog.



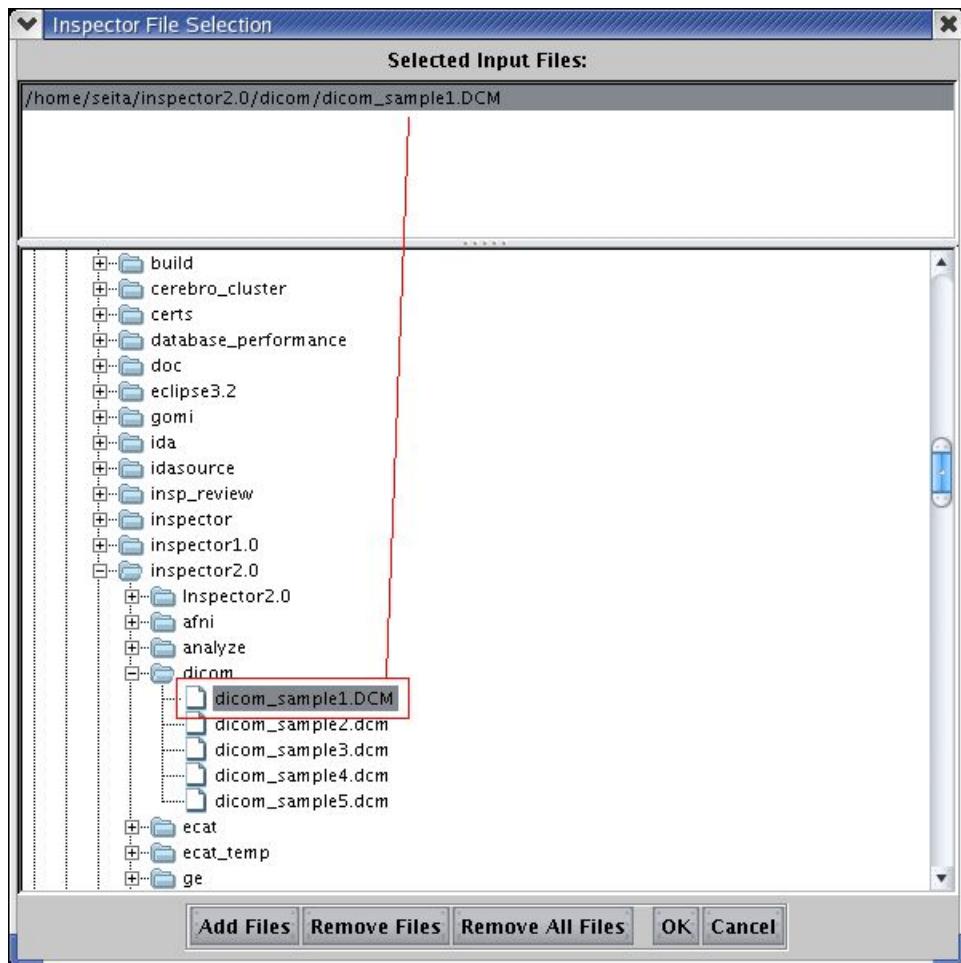
## ii. Single click and "Add Files"

If you click on a file in the lower part of the file selection dialog and then click the “Add Files” button, the file (and those associated with it) will be selected and displayed in the upper part of the dialog.



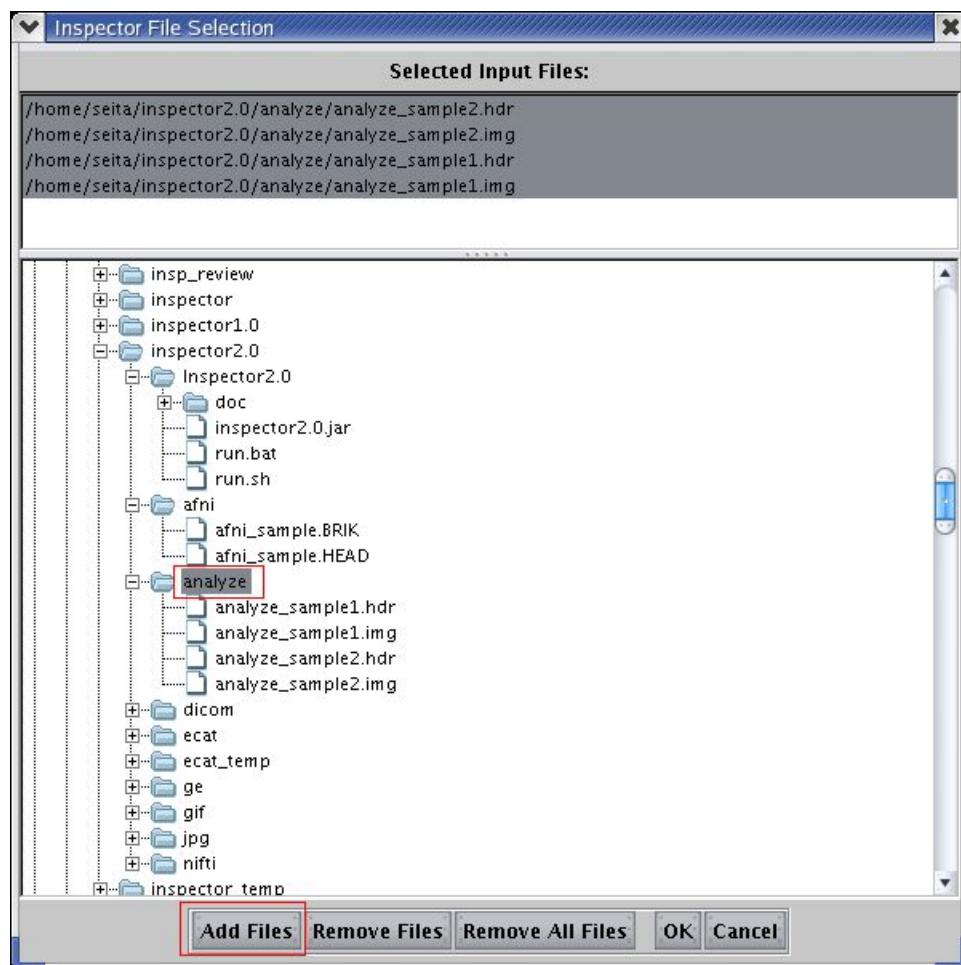
### iii. Drag-and-drop

If you select a file with the mouse in the lower part of the file selection dialog and then drag the mouse (with the mouse button pressed) over the upper part of the dialog, the file (and those associated with it) will be selected and displayed in the upper part of the dialog when you release the mouse button.



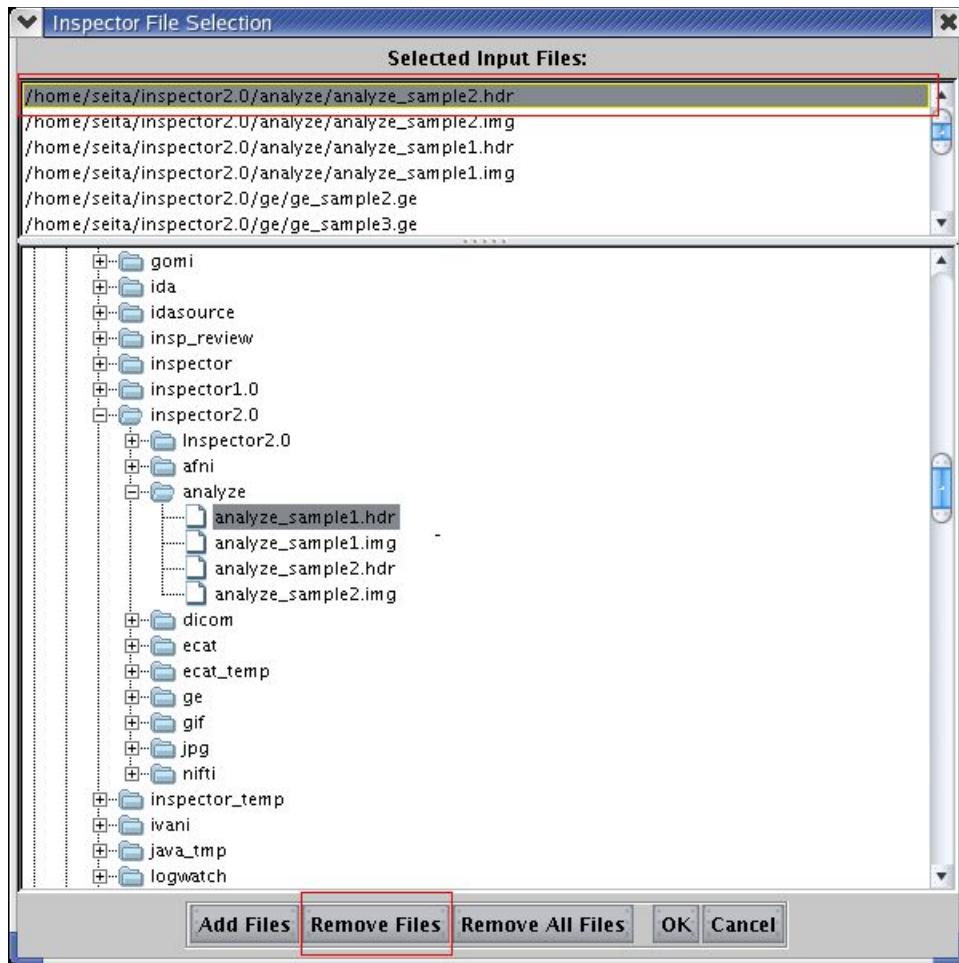
## **D. How to select a directory of files**

To select all the files in a directory, single click on the directory and click the “Add Files” button. The contents of the directory will be selected and displayed in the upper part of the dialog.



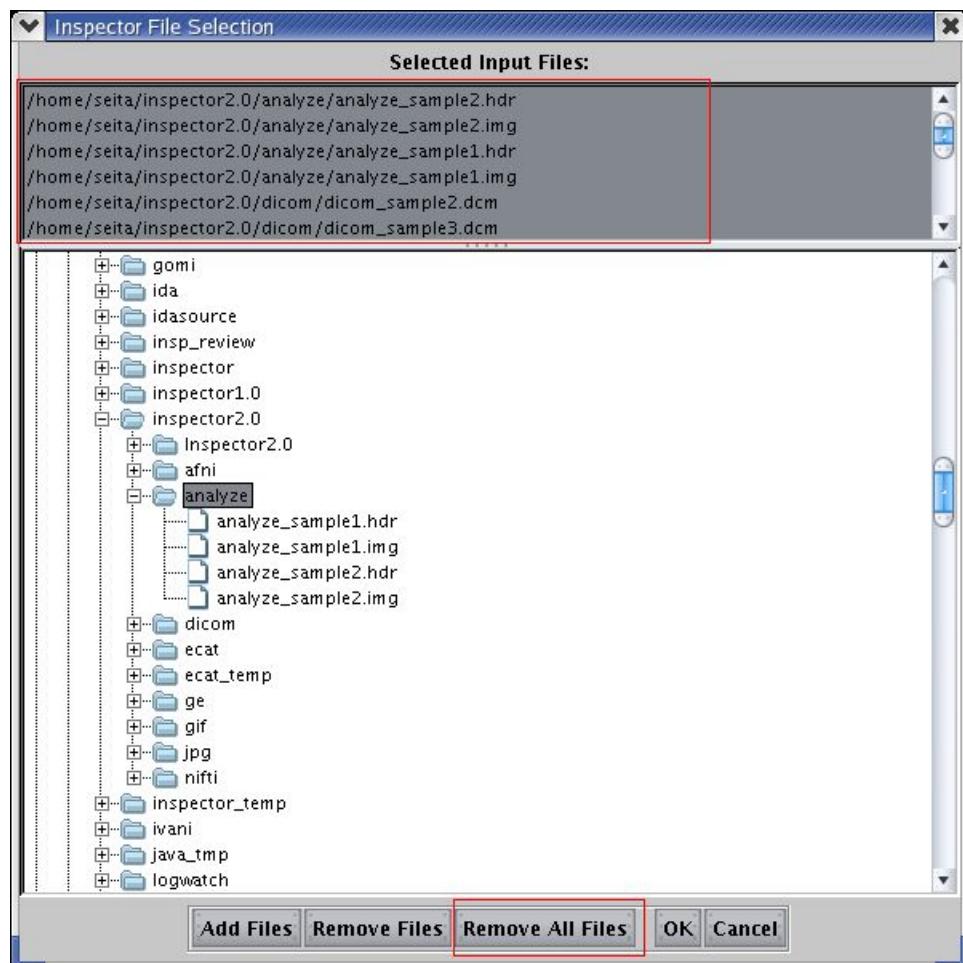
## **E. How to remove selected files**

To remove a file from the Inspector, select the file in the upper part of the file selection dialog (hold down the CTRL key to make multiple selections, or hold down the SHIFT key to select multiple files at once). Click the “Remove Files” button to remove the selected files.



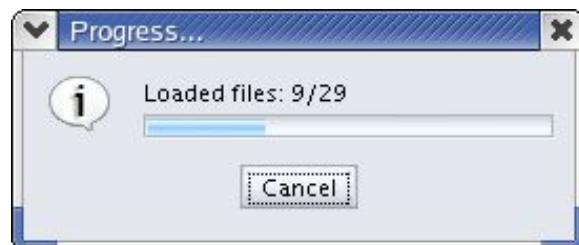
## **F. How to remove all the selected files**

To remove all selected files from the Inspector, click the “Remove All Files” button.



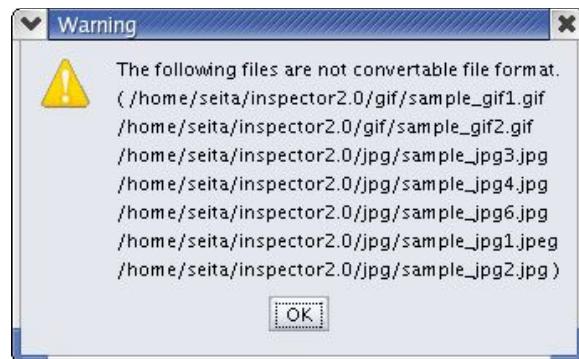
## **G. File loading progress**

A progress dialog will appear while the Inspector loads files in the event that a large number of files are selected.



## ***H. Unsupported file formats***

Files that cannot be recognized by the Inspector are reported in a dialog after the loading process finishes:

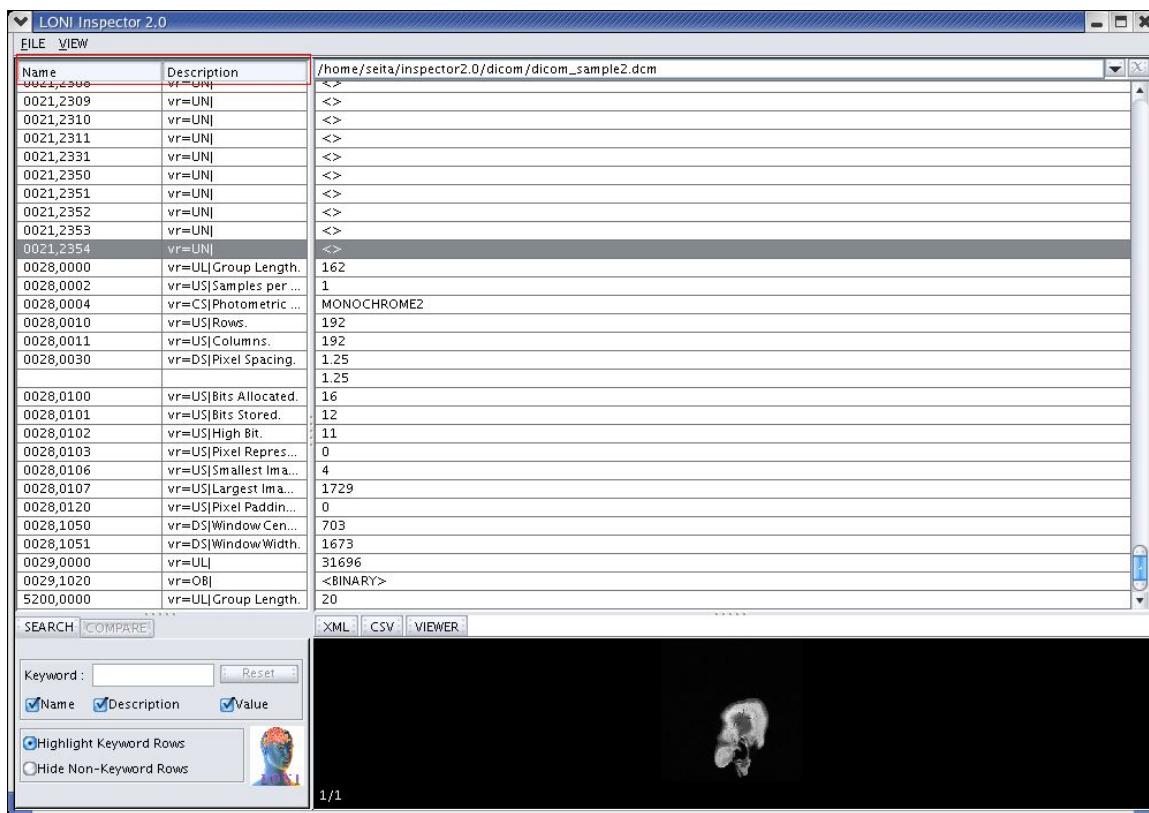


## IV. Inspecting metadata

The term “metadata” refers to data that describes the image data in a file. For example, metadata can be the name of the subject that was scanned, the date on which the scan occurred, and the width and height of the image. Each “file format” (e.g., DICOM, ANALYZE, or JPEG) contains different sets of metadata elements.

### **A. Name and description columns**

The “name” column of the Inspector lists the names of the metadata elements that are present in the chosen file(s). The “description” column gives a brief description of each metadata element. If there isn’t information about a metadata element (e.g., a privately-defined element), then the description for the metadata element will be blank.



## B. How to identify the file format

The first row of metadata displayed in the Inspector gives the file format.

Name	Description
DICOM	Digital Imaging and ...

## C. How to add or remove a column

Two or more files can be compared side-by-side by “adding a new column.” A new column is added using the menu option “View -> Add column.” This menu option will not be active if there are no more files to compare. A column is removed by clicking the “X” button located at the top-right corner of the column.

LONI Inspector 2.0

FILE VIEW

Name	Description	/home/seita/inspector2.0/dicom/dicom_sample2.dcm	X /home/seita/inspector2.0/dicom/dicom_sample4.dcm
0021,2351	vr=UN	<>	<NO DATA>
0021,2350	vr=UN	<>	<NO DATA>
0021,2351	vr=UN	<>	<NO DATA>
0021,2352	vr=UN	<>	<NO DATA>
0021,2353	vr=UN	<>	<NO DATA>
0021,2354	vr=UN	<>	<NO DATA>
0028,0000	vr=UL Group Length.	162	164
0028,0002	vr=US Samples per ...	1	1
0028,0004	vr=CS Photometric ...	MONOCHROME2	MONOCHROME2
0028,0010	vr=US Rows.	192	96
0028,0011	vr=US Columns.	192	96
0028,0030	vr=DS Pixel Spacing.	1.25	2.5
		1.25	2.5
0028,0100	vr=US Bits Allocated.	16	16
0028,0101	vr=US Bits Stored.	12	12
0028,0102	vr=US High Bit.	11	11
0028,0103	vr=US Pixel Repres...	0	0
0028,0106	vr=US Smallest Ima...	4	9
0028,0107	vr=US Largest Ima...	1729	459
0028,0120	vr=US Pixel Paddin...	0	<NO DATA>
0028,1050	vr=DS Window Cen...	703	109
0028,1051	vr=DS Window Width.	1673	305
0028,1055	vr=LO Window Cen...	<NO DATA>	Algo1
0029,0000	vr=UL	31696	<NO DATA>
0029,1020	vr=OB	<BINARY>	<NO DATA>
0032,0000	vr=UL Group Length.	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>
0032,1060	vr=LO Requested P...	<NO DATA>	34
5200,0000	vr=UL Group Length.	20	RESEARCH ACADEMIC Dr Evans
7FE0,0000	vr=UL Group Length.	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>
			18440

SEARCH COMPARE XML CSV VIEWER

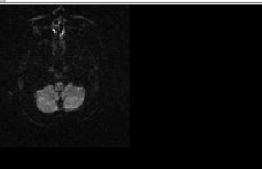
Keyword :  Reset

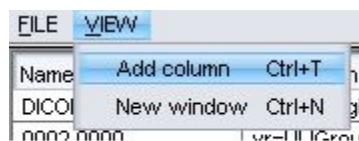
Name  Description  Value

Highlight Keyword Rows

Hide Non-Keyword Rows

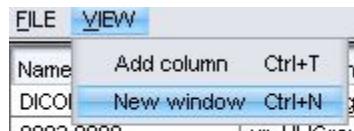
 1/1

 1/1



## D. Opening a new window

Use the menu option “View -> New window” to open a new Inspector window. All files currently loaded into the Inspector will be accessible in the new window.



## E. Resizing the columns

The width of each table column can be changed. Move the mouse cursor over a column divider and, while holding the mouse button down, drag the divider left or right to change the column widths.

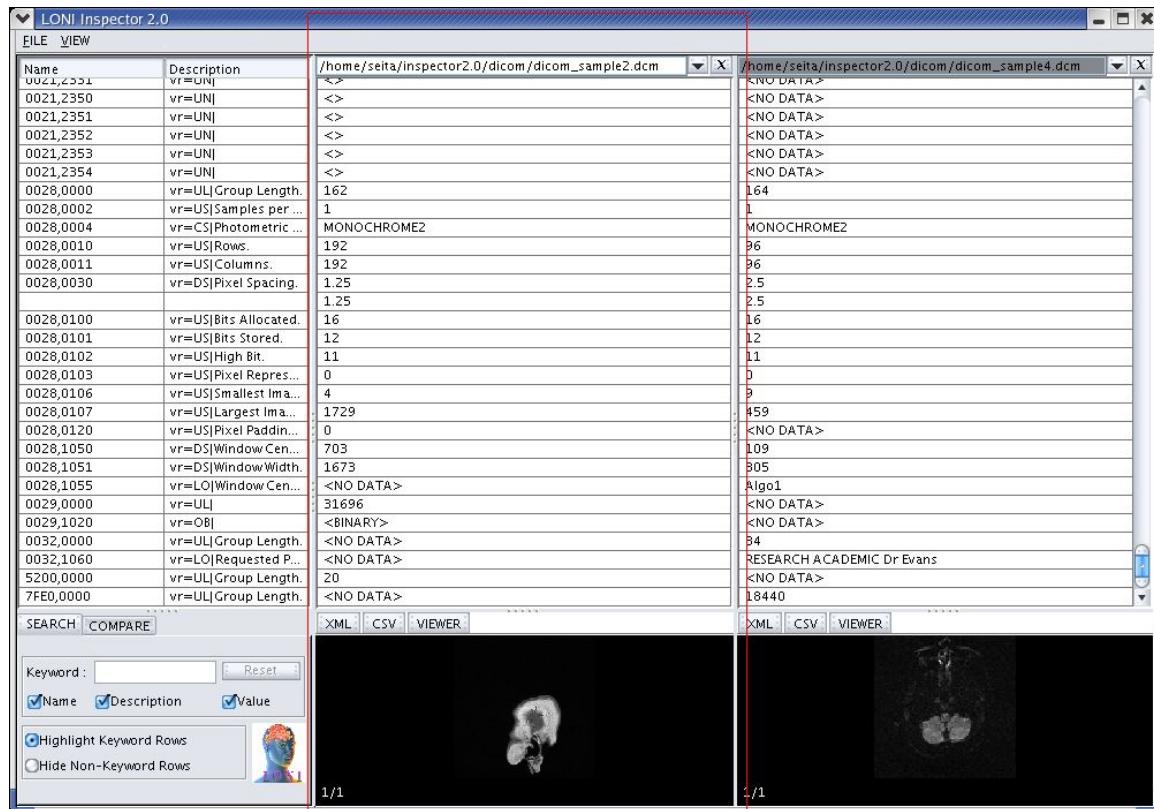
A screenshot of the LONI Inspector 2.0 window. The main area contains a table with three columns: 'Name', 'Description', and 'Value'. The 'Value' column is very wide, showing numerous entries such as '/home/seita/inspector2.0/dicom/dicom\_sample8.dcm', '&lt;&gt;', '160', 'MONOCHROME2', '192', '1.25', '1.25', '16', '12', '11', '0', '4', '97', '0', '68', '168', '31696', '&lt;BINARY&gt;', and '20'. Below the table is a 'SEARCH' and 'COMPARE' toolbar with various buttons and dropdowns. At the bottom of the window is a 'VIEWER' panel displaying two grayscale images of a brain scan. The window has standard operating system window controls (minimize, maximize, close) at the top right.

## F. How to change the displayed files

At any given time, the Inspector will display metadata from only one file format.

### i. Leftmost file column chooses the file format

The file format of the file chosen in the leftmost file column determines what metadata elements are displayed in the name and description columns.



## ii. Other file columns list only files of this file format

When there is more than one file column displayed in the Inspector, all other file columns (other than the leftmost file column) contain files of the same file format. For example, if a DICOM file is chosen in the leftmost file column, only DICOM files will be listed in the other file columns.

The screenshot shows the LONI Inspector 2.0 interface. At the top, there are tabs for FILE and VIEW. Below these are two rows of file columns. The first row contains columns for Name, Description, and five paths: /home/seita/ins... (highlighted with a red box), /home/seita/ins..., /home/seita/ins..., /home/seita/ins..., and /home/seita/ins... (all also highlighted with red boxes). The second row contains columns for Description and five paths: <NO DATA>, <>, <>, <>, and <>. The bottom section of the interface features a search bar with fields for Keyword, Name, Description, and Value, along with checkboxes for Highlight Keyword Rows and Hide Non-Keyword Rows. To the right of the search bar are five viewer panes, each containing a small image preview and the text "1/1". The viewer panes correspond to the paths in the file columns above them.

### iii. Changing the file format in the leftmost file column

If you select a file in the leftmost file column that has a different file format than the file currently selected in the column (e.g., change the selection from a DICOM file to an ANALYZE file), the content of the name and description columns will change to match the new file format and the other file columns will switch to files of the new file format.

LONI Inspector 2.0

Name	Description	/home/seita/ins...	/home/seita/ins...	/home/seita/ins...	/home/seita/ins...	/home/seita/ins...	/home/seita/i...
0021,2351	vr=UN	<NO DATA>	<>	<>	<>	<>	<>
0021,2350	vr=UN	<NO DATA>	<>	<>	<>	<>	<>
0021,2351	vr=UN	<NO DATA>	<>	<>	<>	<>	<>
0021,2352	vr=UN	<NO DATA>	<>	<>	<>	<>	<>
0021,2353	vr=UN	<NO DATA>	<>	<>	<>	<>	<>
0021,2354	vr=UN	<NO DATA>	<>	<>	<>	<>	<>
0028,0000	vr=UL Group Length.	124	160	160	160	160	162
0028,0002	vr=US Samples per ...	1	1	1	1	1	1
0028,0004	vr=CS Photometric ...	MONOCHROME2	MONOCHROME2	MONOCHROME2	MONOCHROME2	MONOCHROME2	MONOCHROME2
0028,0010	vr=US Rows.	256	192	192	192	192	192
0028,0011	vr=US Columns.	256	192	192	192	192	192
0028,0030	vr=DS Pixel Spacing.	0.8593750000	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
0028,0100	vr=US Bits Allocated.	16	16	16	16	16	16
0028,0101	vr=US Bits Stored.	16	12	12	12	12	12
0028,0102	vr=US High Bit.	15	11	11	11	11	11
0028,0103	vr=US Pixel Repres...	1	0	0	0	0	0
0028,0106	vr=US Smallest Ima...	<NO DATA>	4	6	4	4	4
0028,0107	vr=US Largest Ima...	<NO DATA>	97	91	68	1729	0
0028,0120	vr=US Pixel Paddin...	<NO DATA>	0	0	0	0	0
0028,1050	vr=DS Window Cen...	<NO DATA>	68	68	68	703	703
0028,1051	vr=DS Window Width.	<NO DATA>	168	167	167	1673	1673
0029,0000	vr=UL	<NO DATA>	31696	31696	31696	31696	31696
0029,1020	vr=OB	<NO DATA>	<BINARY>	<BINARY>	<BINARY>	<BINARY>	<BINARY>
0040,0244	vr=DA Performed P...	20010228	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>
0040,0245	vr=TM Performed P...	125843	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>
0040,0254	vr=LO Performed P...	BRAIN W/O ADC	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>
5200,0000	vr=UL Group Length.	<NO DATA>	20	20	20	20	20
7FE0,0000	vr=UL Group Length.	131080	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>

SEARCH COMPARE XML CSV VIEWER XML CSV VIEWER XML CSV VIEWER XML CSV VIEWER XML CSV VIEWER

Keyword :  Reset

Name  Description  Value

Highlight Keyword Rows

Hide Non-Keyword Rows

1/1 1/1 1/1 1/1 1/1

## G. What does <NO DATA> mean?

When two or more files are compared side-by-side, it is possible that one file will contain metadata elements that are not present in the other files. If this occurs, the label “<NO DATA>” is displayed where the metadata is missing. This makes it possible to distinguish the case where a value is missing (<NO DATA>) from the case where the value is empty (“”).

mid...	<NO DATA>	4	0
1a...	<NO DATA>	97	91
lin...	<NO DATA>	0	0
en...	<NO DATA>	68	68
width...	<NO DATA>	168	167
	<NO DATA>	31696	31696
	<NO DATA>	<BINARY>	<BINARY>

## H. Viewing long metadata strings with tool tips

If a table cell is not wide enough, the cell value will be truncated and dots (...) will appear at its end. The full string can be displayed by moving the mouse cursor over the table cell. After about two seconds, a tool tip will appear showing the full value.

DICOM	Digital Imaging and ...
0002,0000	vr=UL Group Length
0002,0001	vr=OB File Meta... Digital Imaging and Communications in Medicine
0002,0002	vr=UI Media Storag...
0002,0003	vr=UI Media Storag...
0002,0010	vr=UI Transfer Syn...
0002,0012	vr=UI Implementati...
0002,0020	...

## I. Differences in row color and >'s

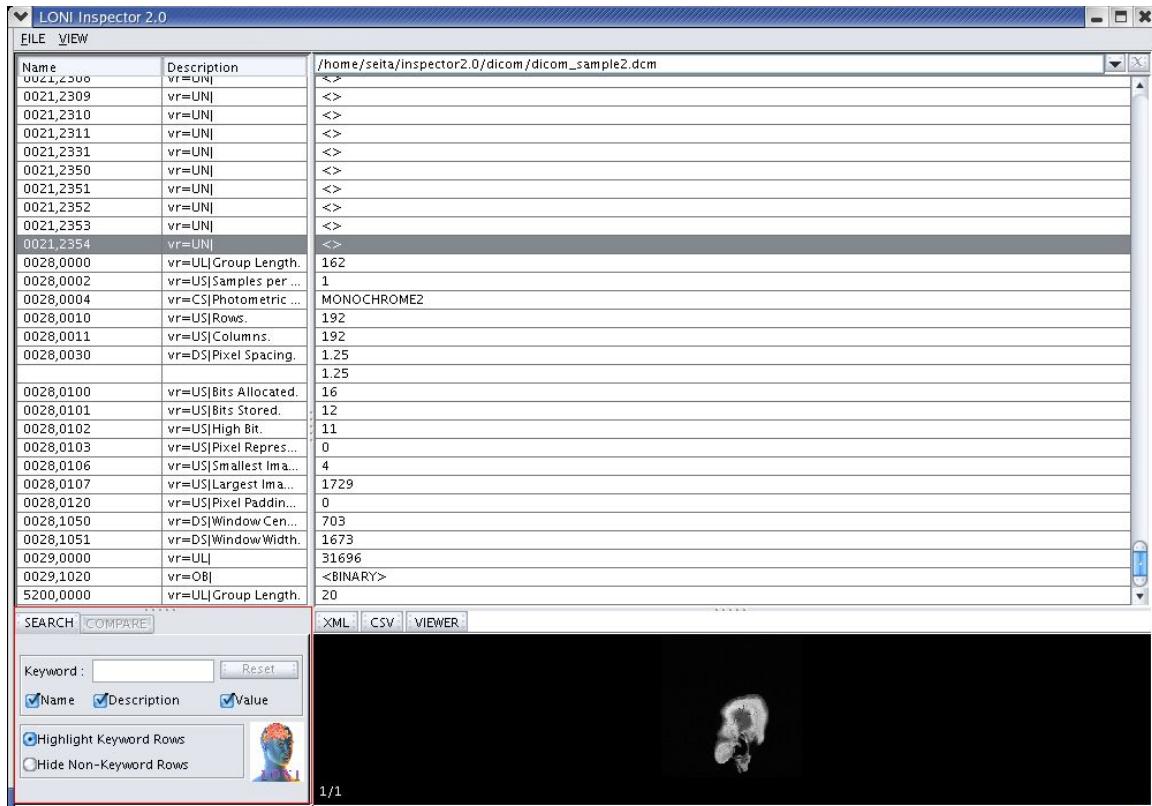
Some metadata elements are contained inside other metadata elements. The “>” symbol appears in front of metadata elements that are contained in other metadata elements. Many “>”s indicate many levels of containment. The background color get darker with the number of “>”s.

JPEG	Joint Photographic Experts Group
>JPEGvariety	A node grouping all marker segm...
>>app0JFIF	
>>>Xdens...	The horizontal density or aspect r...
>>>Ydens...	The vertical density or aspect rati...
>>>major...	The major JFIF version number
>>>minor...	The minor JFIF version number
>>>resUnit...	The resolution units for Xdensity
>>>thumb...	The height of the thumbnail, or 0 if ...
>>>thumb...	The width of the thumbnail, or 0 if ...
>>markerSe...	A node grouping all non-jfif mark...
>>app14A...	An Adobe APP14 marker segment
>>>flags0	The flags0 variable of an APP14 m...
>>>flags1	The flags1 variable of an APP14 m...
>>>transf...	The color transform applied to th...
>>>version	The version of Adobe APP14 mark...
>>dhtable	A Define Huffman Table(s) marker...
>>>dhtable	A single Huffman table

## V. Searching for metadata

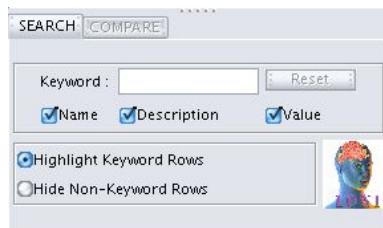
### A. Keyword search

Click on the “Search” tab in the lower left corner of the Inspector to activate the search function.  
Type text in the “keyword” field to search for all occurrences of the text.



#### i. Searching for name, description, and value

<b>Name</b>	Search the name column (names of the metadata elements).
<b>Description</b>	Search the description column (descriptions of the metadata elements).
<b>Value</b>	Search all the columns excluding the name and description columns (metadata from the files).



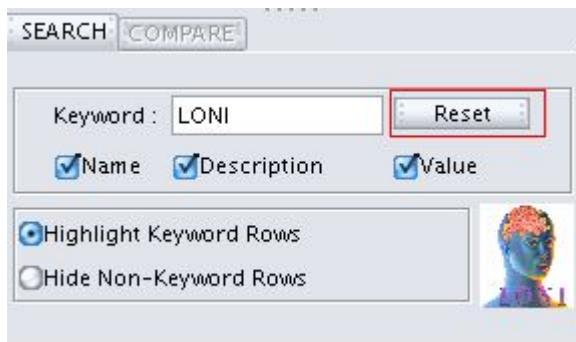
## ii. Case insensitive search

All keyword searches are case insensitive. For example, searching for “LONI” is equivalent to searching for “loni” and “LoNi”. The results of keyword searches return all occurrences of the keyword. For example, searching for “loni” would yield results such as “LONI”, “loni.ucla.edu”, and “cloning.” All table cells that contain a keyword match are colored blue:

The screenshot shows the LONI Inspector 2.0 interface. The main window displays a table of DICOM header entries. A search has been performed for the keyword "loni". Rows containing this keyword are highlighted in blue. The table includes columns for Name, Description, and Value. The Value column shows various numerical and string values, some of which contain the keyword "loni". Below the table, there are search and compare tabs, and a viewer pane showing a grayscale image thumbnail.

## iii. Reset button

To clear the results of a search, click the “Reset” button.



## B. Highlight Keyword Rows

Choose the “Highlight Keyword Rows” option to color all table cells with keyword matches.

The screenshot shows the LONI Inspector 2.0 interface. The main window displays a table of DICOM keyword rows. The table has two columns: 'Name' and 'Description/Value'. The 'Description/Value' column contains various DICOM tags and their corresponding values. Several rows are highlighted in blue, indicating they contain the search term '1'. These highlighted rows include:

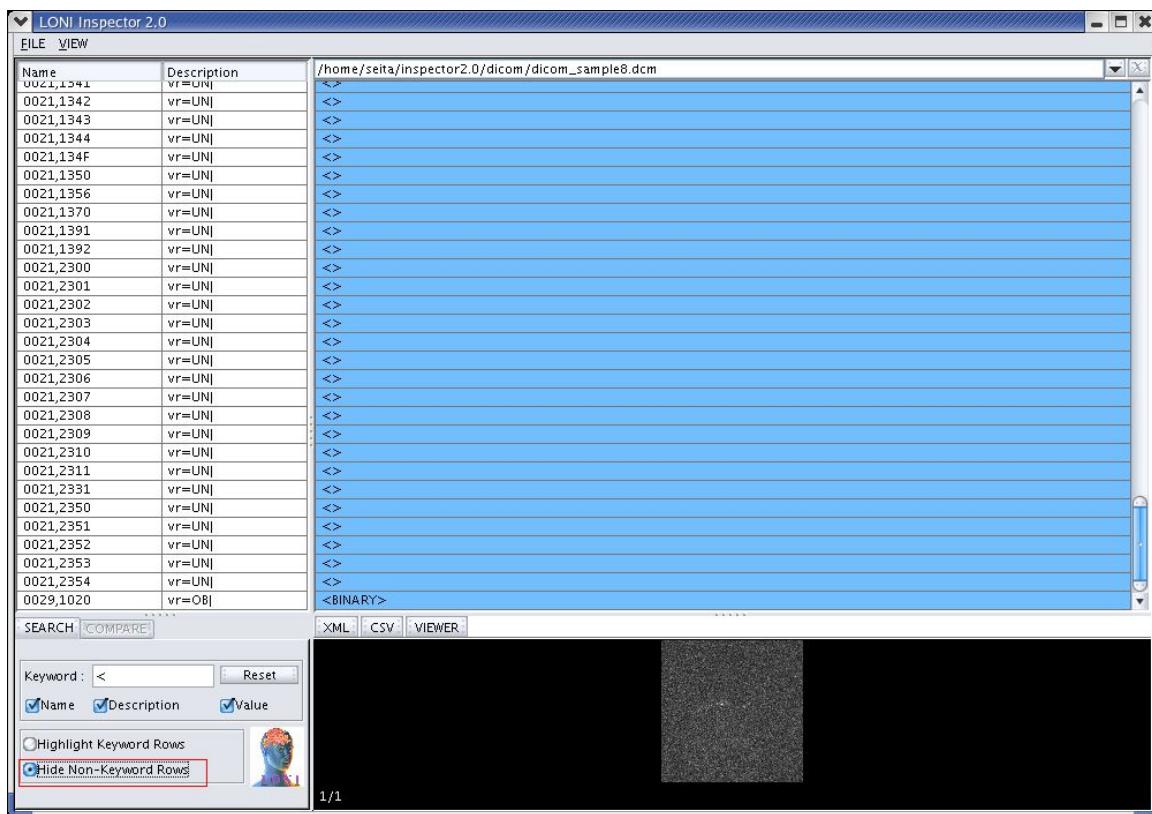
- 0028,0000 vr=UL|Group Length. 160
- 0028,0002 vr=US|Samples per ... 1
- 0028,0004 vr=CS|Photometric ... MONOCHROME2
- 0028,0010 vr=US|Rows. 192
- 0028,0011 vr=US|Columns. 192
- 0028,0030 vr=DS|Pixel Spacing. 1.25
- 0028,0100 vr=US|Bits Allocated. 16
- 0028,0101 vr=US|Bits Stored. 12
- 0028,0102 vr=US|High Bit. 11
- 0028,0103 vr=US|Pixel Repres... 0
- 0028,0106 vr=US|Smallest Ima... 4
- 0028,0107 vr=US|Largest Ima... 97
- 0028,0120 vr=US|Pixel Paddin... 0
- 0028,1050 vr=DS|Window Cen... 68
- 0028,1051 vr=DS|Window Width. 168
- 0029,0000 vr=UL| <BINARY>
- 0029,1020 vr=OB| 31696
- 5200,0000 vr=UL|Group Length. 20

Below the table, there is a search bar with the value '1' and several checkboxes:  
✓ Name   ✓ Description   ✓ Value  
 Highlight Keyword Rows    Hide Non-Keyword Rows

On the right side of the interface, there is a small thumbnail preview of a grayscale image and a viewer panel.

### C. Hide Non-Keyword Rows

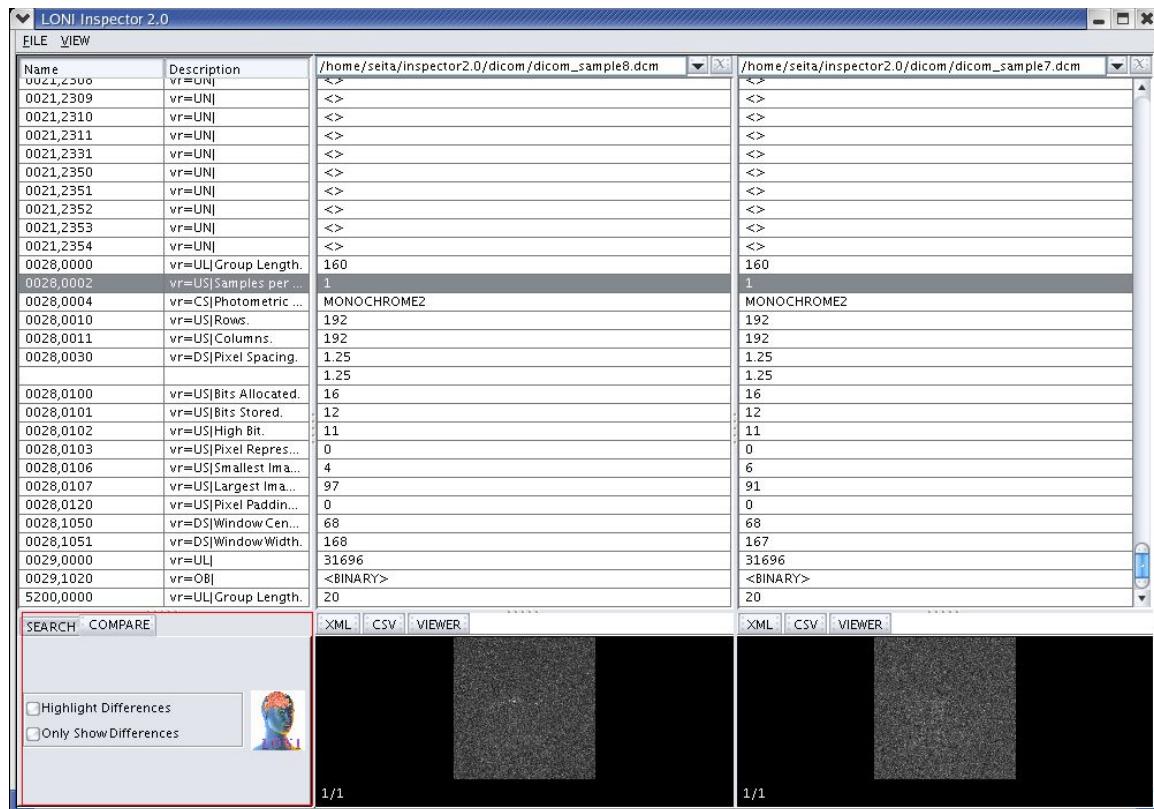
Choose the “Hide Non-Keyword Rows” option to hide all rows without keyword matches. To show all the rows again, click the “Reset” button.



## VI. Comparing metadata

### A. Compare tab is active when two files can be compared

Click on the “Compare” tab in the lower left corner of the Inspector to activate the compare function. This function is only available when there are two or more columns visible in the Inspector.



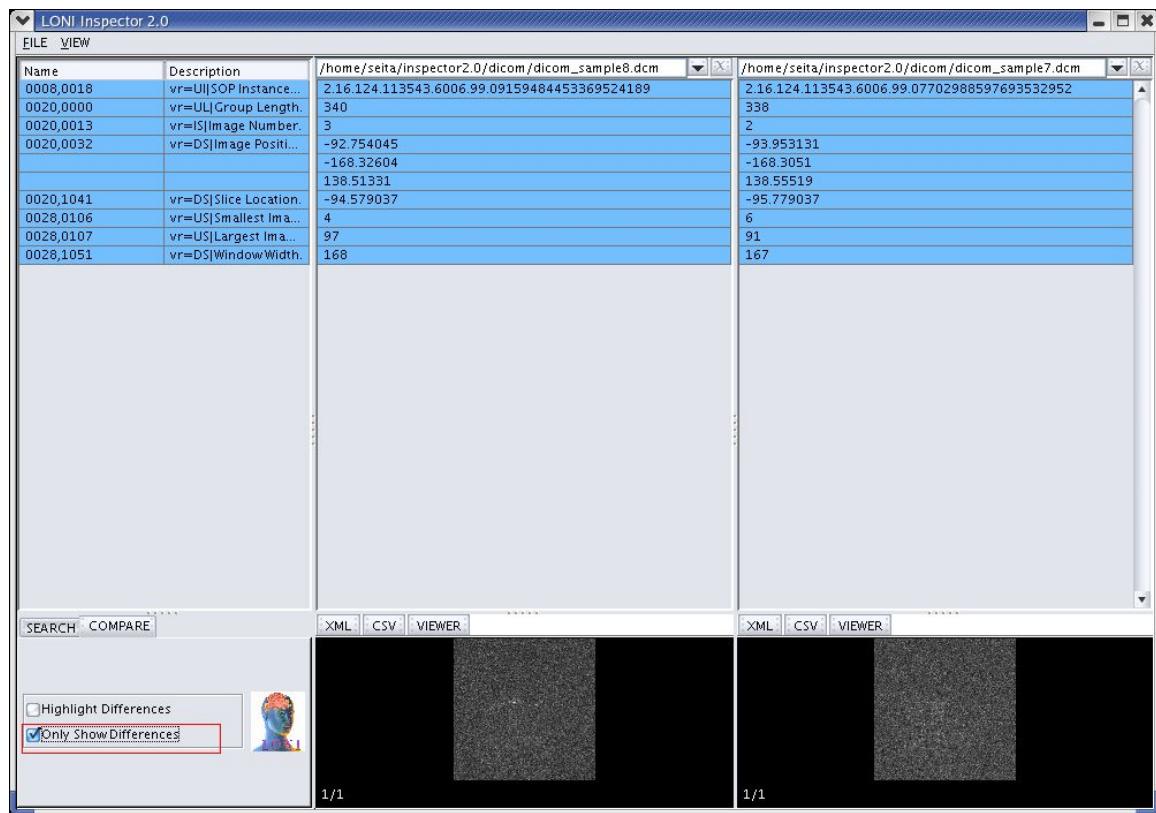
## B. Highlight Differences

Choose the “Highlight Differences” option to highlight the differences between files. Each row that contains differences is colored blue. If there are many values for a metadata element and at least one value differs between two files, then all rows containing the values are colored blue.

The screenshot shows the LONI Inspector 2.0 interface comparing two DICOM files: /home/seita/inspector2.0/dicom/dicom\_sample8.dcm and /home/seita/inspector2.0/dicom/dicom\_sample7.dcm. The main window displays a table of metadata differences. Rows 0028,0106, 0028,0107, 0028,0108, 0028,0109, 0028,0110, and 0028,0111 are highlighted in blue, indicating differences between the two files. Below the table, there are two image viewers showing grayscale brain scans. The left viewer shows a brain scan with a red bounding box around the head area, and the right viewer shows a similar brain scan. At the bottom left, there is a search and compare panel with checkboxes for "Highlight Differences" (which is checked) and "Only Show Differences".

### C. Only Show Differences

Choose the “Only Show Differences” option to show the differences between files (while hiding the similarities). This option is useful when there are only a few differences between files.

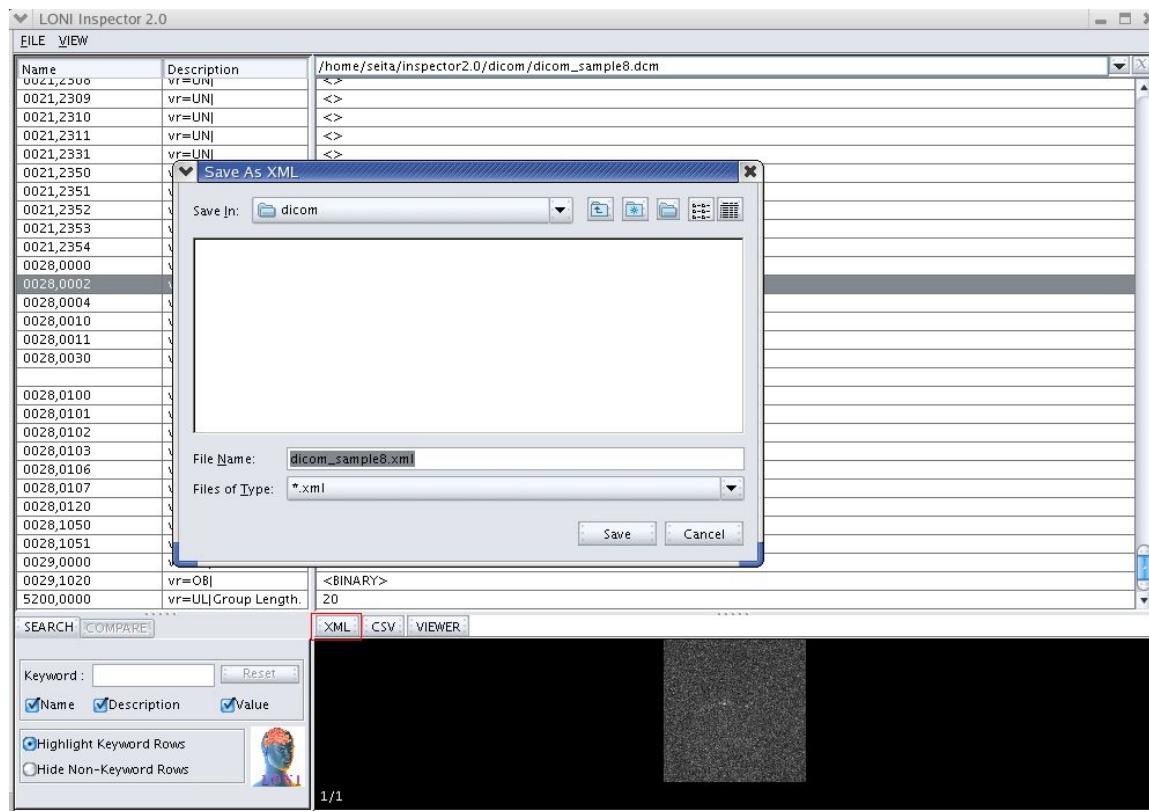


## VII. Exporting and copying metadata

There are two ways to export metadata from the Inspector, and one way to copy metadata.

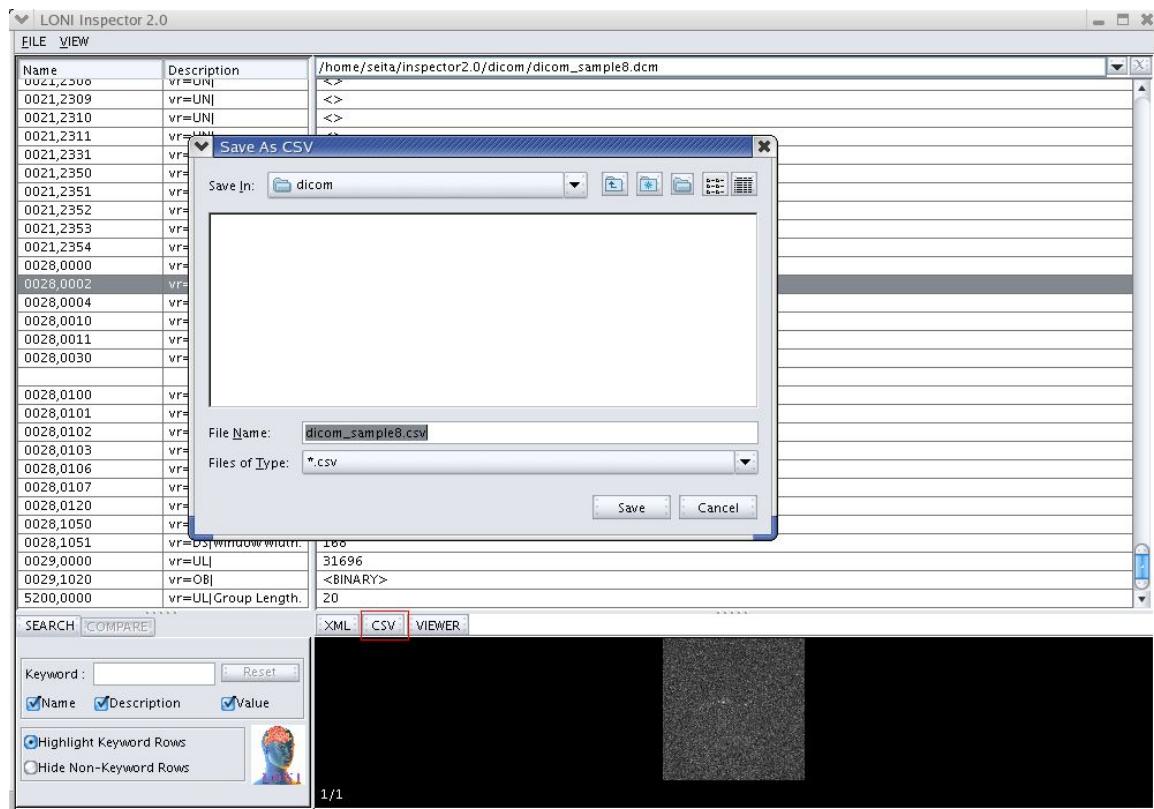
### A. Export as XML

Click the XML button (located near the upper-left of an image) to write the metadata as an XML file. You must supply the name of the XML file in the dialog that pops up.



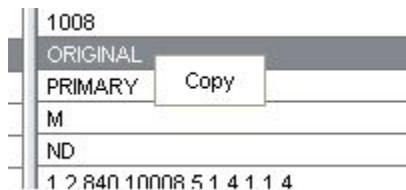
## B. Export as CSV

Click the CSV button (located to the right of the XML button) to write the metadata as a CSV file. A CSV file contains a comma-delimited version of the metadata. You must supply the name of the CSV file in the dialog that pops up.



## C. Copy a cell value

The value shown in a table cell can be copied to the system clipboard and then copied to other applications. Move the mouse cursor over the cell and right-click the mouse (hold down the command key as well in OS X) to bring up the copy menu. Click on the copy menu item to copy the cell value. The keyboard shortcut (e.g., CTRL-C) for your operating system can also be used.



## VIII. Viewing images

### A. A few images are automatically shown

For each file selected in a file column there will be one or more images displayed at the bottom of the Inspector (depending upon how many images are stored in the file).

LONI Inspector 2.0

Name	Description	/home/seita/ins...	/home/seita/ins...	/home/seita/ins...	/home/seita/ins...	/home/seita/ins...	/home/seita/i...
0021,2351	vr=UNI	<NO DATA>	<>	<>	<>	<>	<>
0021,2350	vr=UNI	<NO DATA>	<>	<>	<>	<>	<>
0021,2351	vr=UNI	<NO DATA>	<>	<>	<>	<>	<>
0021,2352	vr=UNI	<NO DATA>	<>	<>	<>	<>	<>
0021,2353	vr=UNI	<NO DATA>	<>	<>	<>	<>	<>
0021,2354	vr=UNI	<NO DATA>	<>	<>	<>	<>	<>
0028,0000	vr=UL Group Length.	124	160	160	160	160	162
0028,0002	vr=US Samples per ...	1	1	1	1	1	1
0028,0004	vr=CS Photometric ...	MONOCHROME2	MONOCHROME2	MONOCHROME2	MONOCHROME2	MONOCHROME2	MONOCHROME2
0028,0010	vr=US Rows.	256	192	192	192	192	192
0028,0011	vr=US Columns.	256	192	192	192	192	192
0028,0030	vr=DS Pixel Spacing.	0.8593750000	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
		0.8593750000	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
0028,0100	vr=US Bits Allocated.	16	16	16	16	16	16
0028,0101	vr=US Bits Stored.	16	12	12	12	12	12
0028,0102	vr=US High Bit.	15	11	11	11	11	11
0028,0103	vr=US Pixel Repres...	1	0	0	0	0	0
0028,0106	vr=US Smallest Ima...	<NO DATA>	4	6	4	4	4
0028,0107	vr=US Largest Ima...	<NO DATA>	97	91	68	1729	
0028,0120	vr=US Pixel Paddin...	<NO DATA>	0	0	0	0	0
0028,1050	vr=DS Window Cen...	<NO DATA>	68	68	68	703	
0028,1051	vr=DS Window Width.	<NO DATA>	168	167	167	1673	
0029,0000	vr=UL	<NO DATA>	31696	31696	31696	31696	
0029,1020	vr=OBj	<NO DATA>	<BINARY>	<BINARY>	<BINARY>	<BINARY>	
0040,0244	vr=DA Performed P...	20010228	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	
0040,0245	vr=TM Performed P...	125843	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	
0040,0254	vr=LO Performed P...	BRAIN W/O ADC	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	
5200,0000	vr=UL Group Length.	<NO DATA>	20	20	20	20	
7FE0,0000	vr=UL Group Length.	131080	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	<NO DATA>	

SEARCH COMPARE XML CSV VIEWER XML CSV VIEWER XML CSV VIEWER XML CSV VIEWER XML CSV VIEWER

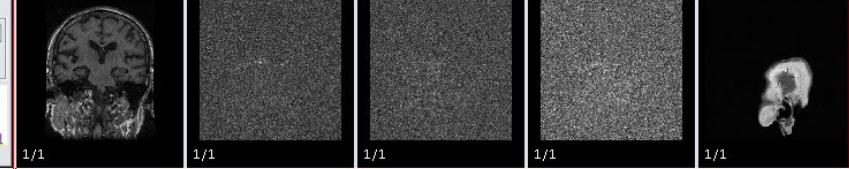
Keyword :  Reset

Name  Description  Value

Highlight Keyword Rows 

Hide Non-Keyword Rows

1/1 1/1 1/1 1/1 1/1



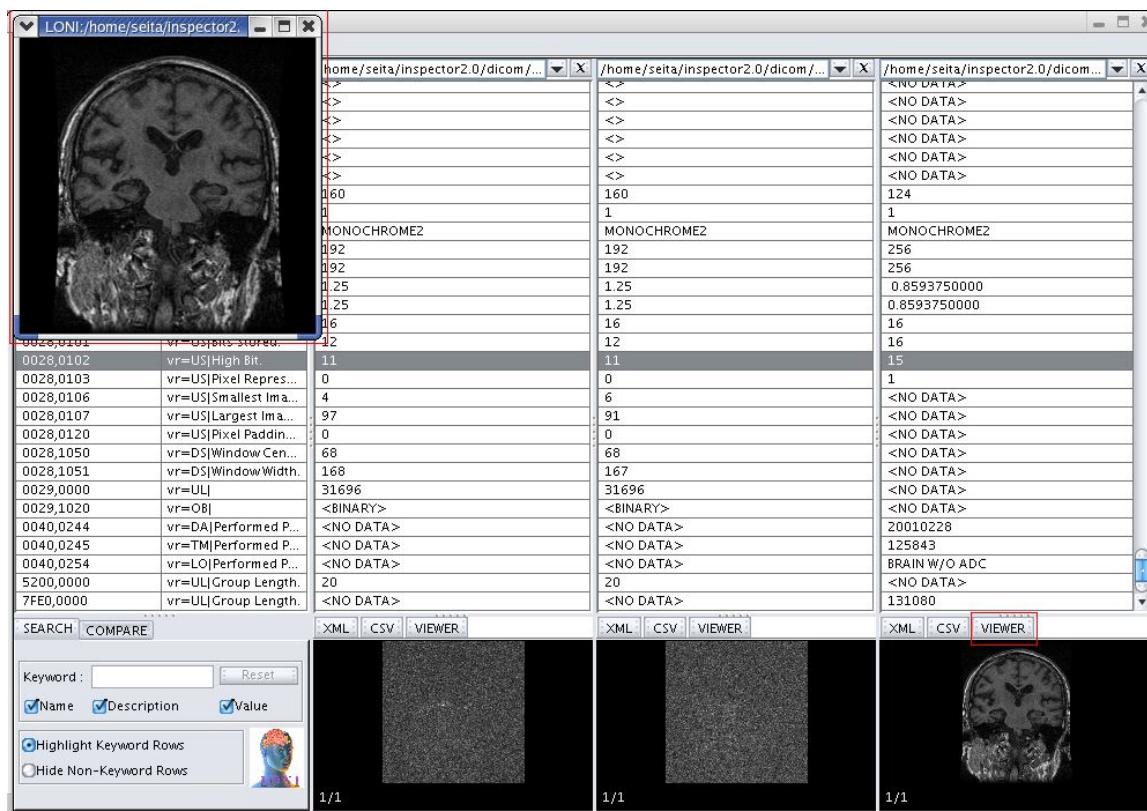
## B. Image number and total number of images

Two numbers are displayed in the bottom left hand corner of each image. The first number is the number of the displayed image and the second number is the total number of images in the file. For example, “1/3” means that image #1 is displayed and there are 3 images in the file.



## C. Viewer button launches a pop-up viewer

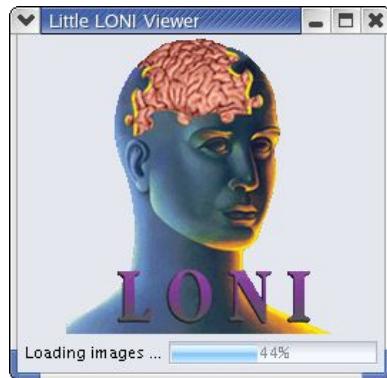
Click the VIEWER button (above each image) to start the image viewer. The image viewer displays all the images in the file.



The screenshot shows the LONI Inspector 2.0 interface. On the left, there is a search and filter panel with fields for Keyword, Name, Description, Value, and checkboxes for Highlight Keyword Rows and Hide Non-Keyword Rows. In the center, a large table lists DICOM metadata for multiple files, including fields like VR, Data, and various pixel and dimension parameters. On the right, there are three image viewers. The middle one is specifically highlighted with a red border. Each viewer shows a grayscale brain scan, and their bottom-left corners display the image number (e.g., 1/1) and total count (e.g., 2457).

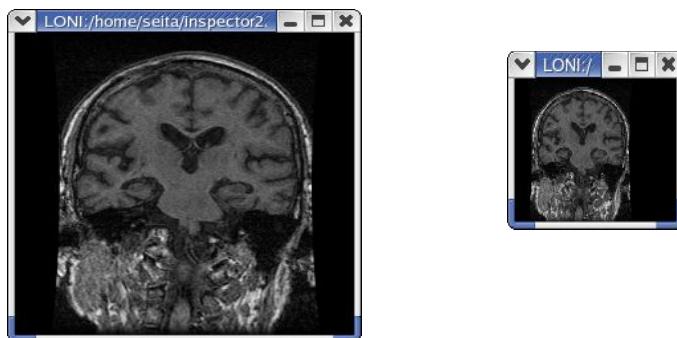
### i. Progress bar shows loading progress

If there are many images in the file, it can take a few seconds to read them all into the image viewer. A progress window will appear to report on the loading progress. When the progress reaches 100%, the progress window disappears and the image viewer is shown.



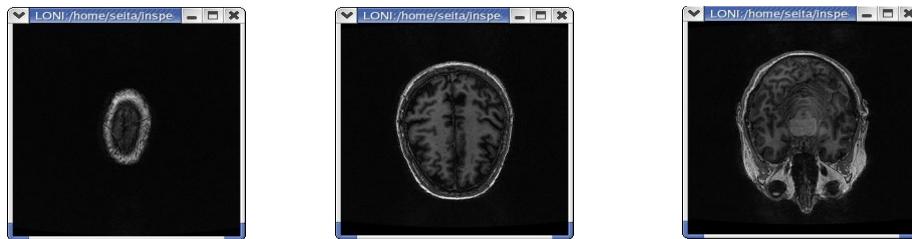
### ii. Resizing the window changes the image size

When the image viewer window is changed, the image displayed inside of it is rescaled accordingly. On most operating systems, the window can be resized by selecting the bottom-right corner of the window with the mouse and dragging it to the desired size.



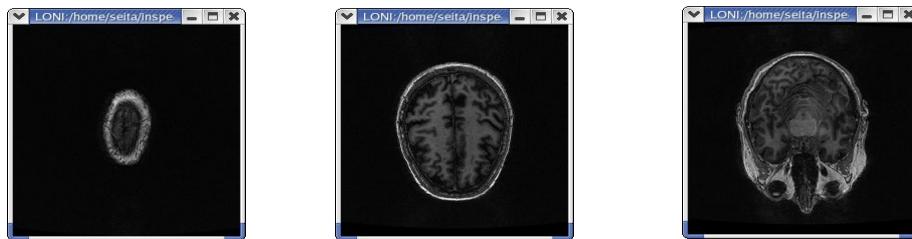
### **iii. Scrolling the mouse on the image changes the image in view**

The image viewer will only display one image at a time, even if there are many images in the file. The displayed image can be changed by moving the mouse cursor onto the image, holding down the leftmost mouse button, and dragging the mouse cursor up/down. If there is only one image, no change will occur.



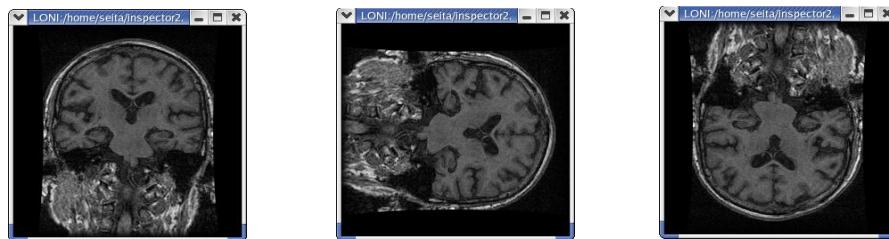
### **v. Clicking the top/bottom of the image changes the image in view**

The displayed image can also be changed by moving the mouse cursor to the top (or the bottom) of the image and clicking the leftmost mouse button. The next image displayed will be the previous (or next) image in the image sequence. If there is only one image, no change will occur.



### **vi. Rotating and flipping the image**

The orientation (rotation and flip) of the displayed image can be changed by moving the mouse cursor onto the image and clicking the middle mouse button (hold down the option key in OS X).



## **IX. Quitting the Inspector**

To quit the Inspector application, select the “File -> Exit” menu option, hold down the CRTL and “E” keys, or just close all the Inspector windows.

